... to Your Success!"

UNIX and LINUX Systems Basics I Course Summary

Description

This course is designed to help technical staff gain a mastery of UNIX and/or Linux operating systems. It builds a foundation of UNIX/Linux system structure and commands designed to develop the student's understanding of UNIX/Linux. Following the completion of this course, the student will have a proficiency in the basic commands necessary to exploit the power of the UNIX/Linux operating system.

Lab Environment

This course uses a continuous lab environment where the student stays logged on to both a Linux and a UNIX system, interacting with it constantly, in parallel with the lecture.

Objectives

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand why things work the way they do in UNIX
- Understand the differences between UNIX and Linux
- Understand the differences between Linux distributions
- Understand UNIX command syntax
- Understand the details of the UNIX file system
- Understand how security is implemented in UNIX
- Understand how the Korn and bash shells work
- Read and understand a shell script
- Use the vi and vim editors
- Understand how to use different UNIX utilities

Topics

- Introduction to UNIX and Linux
- Getting started
- Navigating UNIX File Systems
- File system security
- Additional UNIX commands
- Using the vi and vim editors

- Introduction to the UNIX shell and shell programming
- Introduction to UNIX Power Utilities
- Communicating with Other UNIX Users

Audience

This course is designed for system/application end-users who have little or no experience with the UNIX or Linux operating systems. This course provides a functional familiarity with basic system tools and commands to those individuals with other operating systems experience.

Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for this course.

Duration

Three days

... to Your Success!"

UNIX and LINUX Systems Basics I

Course Outline

I.	Introduction to	UNIX and L	_inux (2	2 hours

- A. Introduction to UNIX and Linux
- B. Evolution of UNIX and Linux
- C. What is UNIX?
- D. Key UNIX Characteristics
- E. The UNIX Structure
- F. Practical Applications of UNIX
- G. UNIX System Administration
- H. Existing UNIX Variants
- I. Differences Between UNIX Variants
- J. UNIX vs. Linux
- K. What is Linux?
- L. Which Linux Distribution is better?
- M. RedHat Family
- N. Debian Family
- O. Other Linux Distributions
- P. UNIX Standards

II. Getting Started with UNIX & Linux (1/2 hour)

- A. Logging in using PuTTY
- B. Access Levels in UNIX
- C. Nested Login with su
- D. Switching shells, Logging Out
- E. Password Rules

III. Navigating UNIX File Systems (3 hours)

- A. Getting Some Files
- B. Getting help: the man cmd
- C. The Role of the File System
- D. File System Naming Guidelines
- E. Common Filename Extensions
- F. Absolute Pathnames
- G. Relative Pathnames
- H. Pathname Abbreviations
- I. File Tree Navigation Exercise
- J. System Directory Structure
- K. User Files & User Directories
- L. Default Directory
- M. /etc/passwd File Format
- N. /etc/group Format
- O. Default Group
- P. Command Syntax
- Q. Commands, Options, and Arguments
- R. Basic File Commands: pwd
- S. Basic File Commands: cd
- T. Basic File Commands: Is -I
- U. Lab: Is Command

- V. touch change file timestamps
- W. mkdir Command
- X. rmdir Command
- Y. Basic File Commands: cat
- Z. Lab: cat
- AA. File Commands: more, less, pg
- BB. Basic File Commands: head
- CC. Basic File Commands: tail
- DD. Basic File Commands: cp
- EE. Basic File Commands: mv
- FF. Basic File Commands: rm
- GG. Hard and Symbolic Links
- HH. Hard Link Lab
- II. Soft Link Lab
- JJ. du Command
- KK. df Command
- LL. Lab: Directories

IV. UNIX File System Security (2 hours)

- A. Detailed Output of the Is Command
- B. UNIX File Security: Permissions
- C. Working with Permissions
- D. Changing Permissions
- E. Three chmod Examples, Same Result
- F. UNIX Directory Permissions
- G. Lab: chmod
- H. Lab: Permissions
- I. File/Dir Permissions umask
- J. Lab: umask
- K. Changing File Ownership
- L. Switching Groups

V. Additional UNIX Commands (1 hour)

- A. who query session information
- B. wc word count
- C. date Display formatted date/time
- D. file Display File Type
- E. diff Show difference between files
- F. diff: Example
- G. cmp Compare Two Files
- H. cmp: Example
- I. whereis Display cmd Location
- J. whence Display cmd Location
- K. cal Display calendar
- L. banner display a large banner



... to Your Success!"

UNIX and LINUX Systems Basics I

Course Outline (cont'd)

VI. Using the vi and vim Editors (2 hours)

- A. UNIX Text Editors
- B. Launching vi
- C. Basic vi Modes
- D. Switching to and from Input Mode
- E. Scrolling in Browse Mode
- F. vi File cmds
- G. vi: Lab 1
- H. Editing Files with vi Repeat n
- I. Editing Files with vi .exrc
- J. vi: Lab 2
- K. vi: Regular Expressions
- L. vi: Regular Expression Examples
- M. vi: Searching for Text
- N. vi: Search Lab
- O. Substitute command detail
- P. vi: Text Substitution Lab
- Q. Advanced vi Modes (optional)
- R. Edit Mode
- S. ex Mode
- T. Basic ex Commands
- U. vim Extensions

VII. Introduction to the Unix Shell (3 hours)

- A. Key Shell Features
- B. Different Shell Flavors
- C. The Shell Prompt
- D. Intro to Shell Variables
- E. Creating & Using Shell Variables
- F. The Environment & Shell Variables
- G. Exporting Shell Variables
- H. Useful Shell Variables
- I. Understanding Shell Quote Usage
- J. Command-line Editing
- K. Shell Initialization: Startup Scripts
- L. Shell Initialization Variables: Lab
- M. Bash Initialization: Startup Scripts
- N. Bash Initialization Variables: Lab
- O. Shell Scripts
- P. Shell Scripts Example
- Q. Languages: Compiled vs. Scripting
- R. Viewing Exit Status in the Shell

- S. Using Exit Status in a Shell Script
- T. Shell: Redirection to & from Files
- U. Shell: Pipes
- V. Shell: Wildcards
- W. Shell: Command Alias
- X. UNIX Process Management
- Y. UNIX Process Mgmt: the ps cmd
- Z. UNIX Process Mgmt: Background
- AA. Shell Job Control Commands
- BB. UNIX Process Mgmt: Kill
- CC. UNIX Process Management Lab

VIII. Intro to UNIX Power Utilities (2 hours)

- A. UNIX Power Utilities
- B. UNIX Power Tools: sort
- C. Basic File Commands: find
- D. find Examples
- E. Relationship Between find and Is
- F. Lab: find
- G. grep Utility
- H. grep Utility Examples w/ Results
- I. grep Examples
- J. sed Editing Utility
- K. sed Editing Exercise
- L. awk Utility
- M. Metacharacters
- N. Power Utility Examples
- O. Additional UNIX Power Utilities
- P. Archiving Files
- Q. Compressing files

IX. Communicating with other UNIX Users (1 hour)

- A. E-mail and Messaging Differences
- B. The mail Command
- C. UNIX mail
- D. Sending Mail
- E. Mail Commands:
- F. Using write and wall
- G. Using who
- H. wall Command
- I. The mesg Command
- J. The finger and talk commands